

Know Your ABCs: A Quick Guide to Reportable Infectious Diseases in Ohio

From the Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 3701-3; Effective March 22, 2018

Class A:

Diseases of major public health concern because of the severity of disease or potential for epidemic spread – report immediately via telephone upon recognition that a case, a suspected case, or a positive laboratory result exists.

- Anthrax
- Botulism, foodborne
- Cholera
- Diphtheria
- Influenza A – novel virus infection
- Measles
- Meningococcal disease
- Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)
- Plague
- Rabies, human
- Rubella (not congenital)
- Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)
- Smallpox
- Tularemia
- Viral hemorrhagic fever (VHF), including Ebola virus disease, Lassa fever, Marburg hemorrhagic fever, and Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever
- Yellow fever

Any unexpected pattern of cases, suspected cases, deaths or increased incidence of any other disease of major public health concern, because of the severity of disease or potential for epidemic spread, which may indicate a newly recognized infectious agent, outbreak, epidemic, related public health hazard or act of bioterrorism.

Class B:

Disease of public health concern needing timely response because of potential for epidemic spread – report by the end of the next business day after the existence of a case, a suspected case, or a positive laboratory result is known.

- Amebiasis
- Arboviral neuroinvasive and non-neuroinvasive disease:
 - Chikungunya virus infection
 - Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease
 - LaCrosse virus disease (other California serogroup virus disease)
 - Powassan virus disease
 - St. Louis encephalitis virus disease
 - West Nile virus infection
 - Western equine encephalitis virus disease
 - Zika virus infection
 - Other arthropod-borne diseases
- Babesiosis
- Botulism
 - infant
 - wound
- Brucellosis
- Campylobacteriosis
- Carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CP-CRE)
 - CP-CRE *Enterobacter* spp.
 - CP-CRE *Escherichia coli*
 - CP-CRE *Klebsiella* spp.
 - CP-CRE other
- Chancroid
- *Chlamydia trachomatis* infections
- Coccidioidomycosis
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
- Cryptosporidiosis
- Cyclosporiasis
- Dengue
- *E. coli* O157:H7 and Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* (STEC)
- Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
- Giardiasis
- Gonorrhea (*Neisseria gonorrhoeae*)
- *Haemophilus influenzae* (invasive disease)
- Hantavirus
- Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B (non-perinatal)
- Hepatitis B (perinatal)
- Hepatitis C (non-perinatal)
- Hepatitis C (perinatal)
- Hepatitis D (delta hepatitis)
- Hepatitis E
- Influenza-associated hospitalization
- Influenza-associated pediatric mortality
- Legionnaires' disease
- Leprosy (Hansen disease)
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis
- Lyme disease
- Malaria
- Meningitis:
 - Aseptic (viral)
 - Bacterial
- Mumps
- Pertussis
- Poliomyelitis (including vaccine-associated cases)
- Psittacosis
- Q fever
- Rubella (congenital)
- Salmonellosis
- Shigellosis
- Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis, including Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF)
- *Staphylococcus aureus*, with resistance or intermediate resistance to vancomycin (VRSA, VISA)
- Streptococcal disease, group A, invasive (IGAS)
- Streptococcal disease, group B, in newborn
- Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome (STSS)
- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, invasive disease (ISP)
- Syphilis
- Tetanus
- Toxic shock syndrome (TSS)
- Trichinellosis
- Tuberculosis (TB), including multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB)
- Typhoid fever
- Varicella
- Vibriosis
- Yersiniosis

Class C:

Report an outbreak, unusual incident or epidemic of other diseases (e.g. histoplasmosis, pediculosis, scabies, staphylococcal infections) by the end of the next business day.

Outbreaks:

- Community
- Foodborne
- Healthcare-associated
- Institutional
- Waterborne
- Zoonotic

NOTE:

Cases of AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome), AIDS-related conditions, HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) infection, perinatal exposure to HIV, all CD4 T-lymphocyte counts and all tests used to diagnose HIV must be reported on forms and in a manner prescribed by the Director.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT AFTER HOURS EMERGENCY CONTACT:

Call (419) 294-3852, select option #1 & leave a contact name & phone number. If no return call is made within 30 minutes, please call (419) 294-8731.

Know Your ABCs (Alphabetical Order)

Effective March 22, 2018

Name	Class	Name	Class
Amebiasis	B	Measles	A
Anthrax	A	Meningitis, aseptic (viral)	B
Arboviral neuroinvasive and non-neuroinvasive disease	B	Meningitis, bacterial	B
Babesiosis	B	Meningococcal disease	A
Botulism, foodborne	A	MERS	A
Botulism, infant	B	Mumps	B
Botulism, wound	B	Other arthropod-borne diseases	B
Brucellosis	B	Outbreaks: community, foodborne, healthcare-associated, institutional, waterborne, zoonotic	C
Campylobacteriosis	B	Pertussis	B
Carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CP-CRE)	B	Plague	A
Chancroid	B	Poliomyelitis (including vaccine-associated cases)	B
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infections	B	Powassan virus disease	B
Chikungunya	B	Psittacosis	B
Cholera	A	Q fever	B
Coccidioidomycosis	B	Rabies, human	A
Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)	B	Rubella (congenital)	B
Cryptosporidiosis	B	Rubella (not congenital)	A
Cyclosporiasis	B	Salmonellosis	B
Dengue	B	Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)	A
Diphtheria	A	Shigellosis	B
<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 and Shiga toxin-producing <i>E. coli</i> (STEC)	B	Smallpox	A
Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease	B	Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis, including Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF)	B
Ehrlichiosis/Anaplasmosis	B	St. Louis encephalitis virus disease	B
Giardiasis	B	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , with resistance or intermediate resistance to vancomycin (VRSA, VISA)	B
Gonorrhea (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>)	B	Streptococcal disease, group A, invasive (IGAS)	B
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (invasive disease)	B	Streptococcal disease, group B, in newborn	B
Hantavirus	B	Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome (STSS)	B
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)	B	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , invasive disease (ISP)	B
Hepatitis A	B	Syphilis	B
Hepatitis B (non-perinatal)	B	Tetanus	B
Hepatitis B (perinatal)	B	Toxic shock syndrome	B
Hepatitis C (non-perinatal)	B	Trichinellosis	B
Hepatitis C (perinatal)	B	Tuberculosis (TB), including multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB)	B
Hepatitis D (delta hepatitis)	B	Tularemia	A
Hepatitis E	B	Typhoid fever	B
Influenza A – novel virus	A	Varicella	B
Influenza-associated hospitalization	B	Vibriosis	B
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality	B	Viral hemorrhagic fever (VHF)	A
LaCrosse virus disease (other California serogroup virus disease)	B	West Nile virus infection	B
Legionnaires' disease	B	Western equine encephalitis virus disease	B
Leprosy (Hansen disease)	B	Yellow fever	A
Leptospirosis	B	Yersiniosis	B
Listeriosis	B	Zika virus infection	B
Lyme disease	B		
Malaria	B		